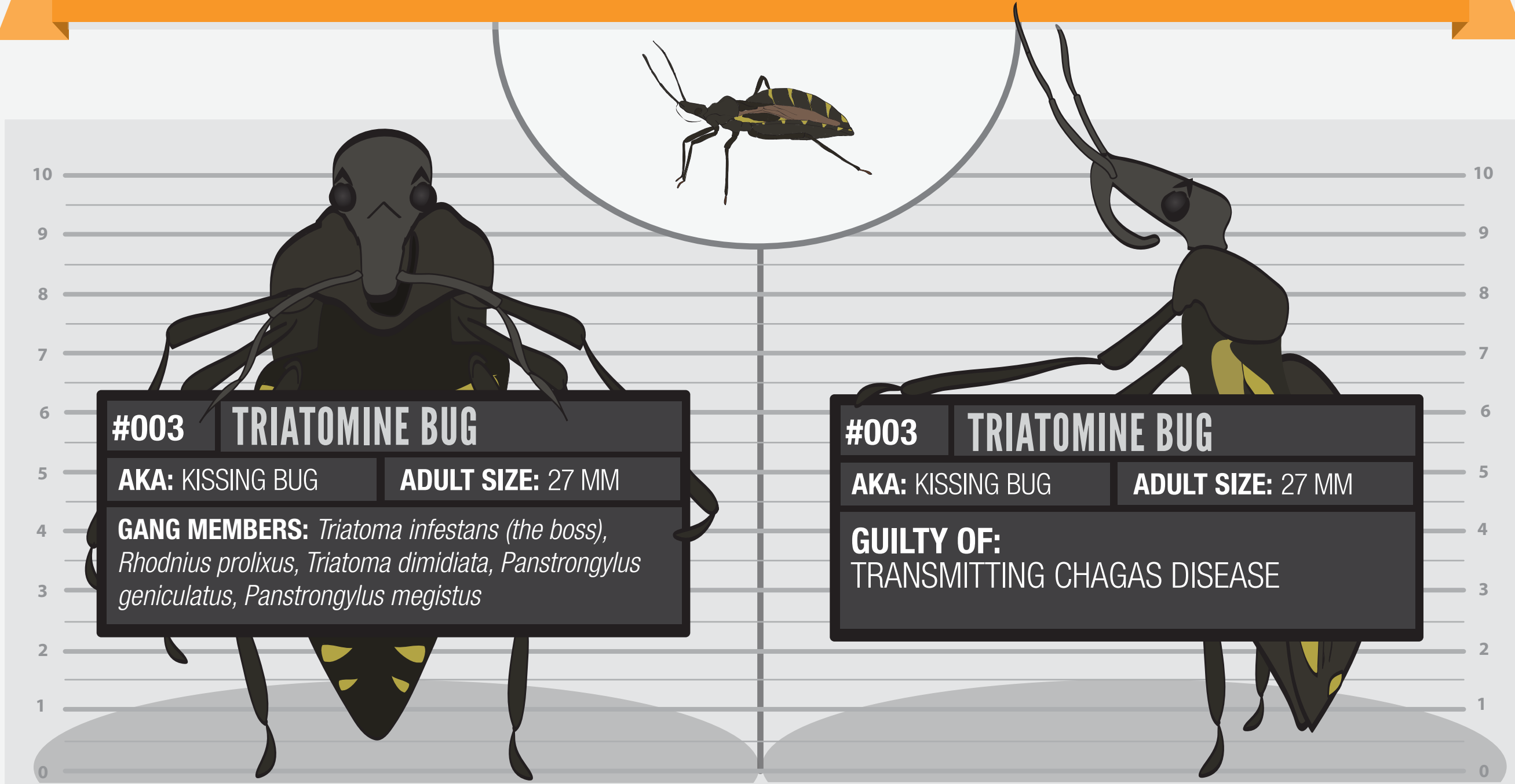


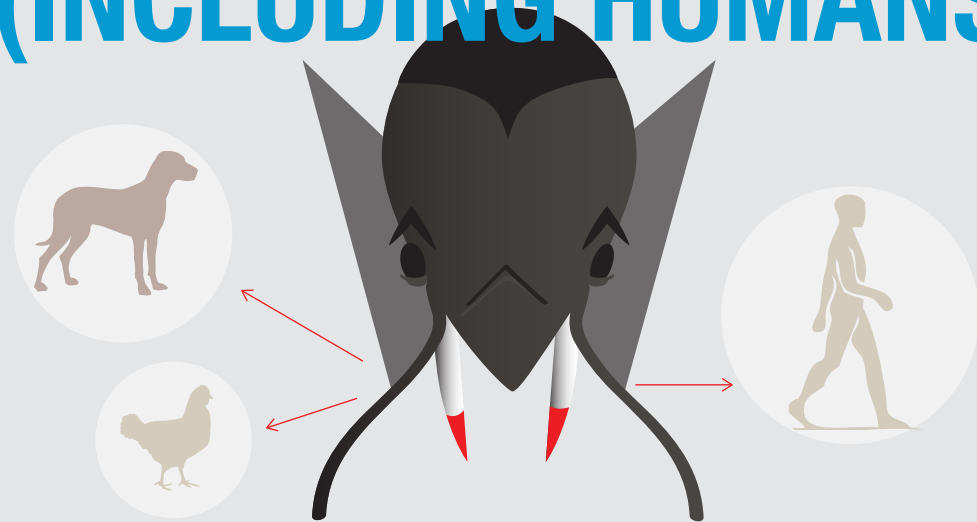
USUAL SUSPECTS

6 TINY VECTORS THAT REPRESENT A HUGE THREAT TO OUR HEALTH



BLOODSUCKING & NOCTURNAL

TRIATOMIN BUGS
FEED ON THE BLOOD OF MAMMALS
(INCLUDING HUMANS)



THEY HIDE DURING THE DAY
AND BITE AT NIGHT

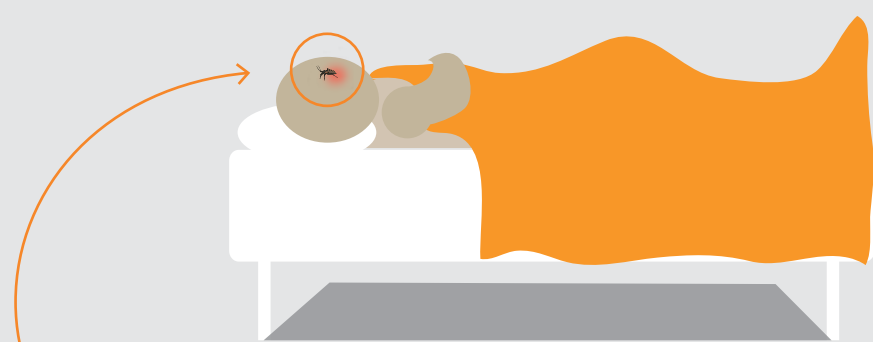
WHERE DO THEY HANG AROUND?



TRIATOMIN BUGS LIVE MAINLY IN RURAL
AREAS OF LATIN AMERICA & SOUTHERN USA

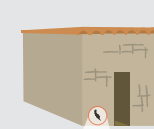
UNWANTED KISSES

THEY CAN BITE ANY PART OF THE BODY,
INCLUDING THE FACE



THAT'S WHY THEY ARE ALSO CALLED
KISSING BUGS

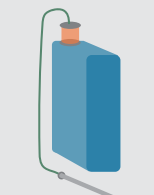
PREVENTION TIPS (FOR RISK ZONES)



CHECK HOMES FOR THE BUGS



KEEP THE SPACE TIDY AND
ELIMINATE CRACKS AND FISSURES
IN THE WALLS OR ROOF

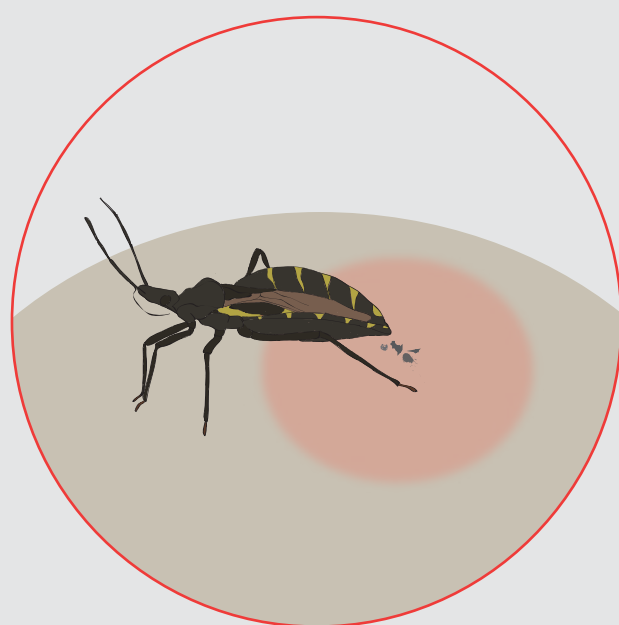


HAVE THE HOUSES FUMIGATED



KEEP JUICES OR FOODS SAFE
FROM THE KISSING BUG

NASTY HABITS



WHILE THEY FEED, THEY USUALLY DEFECATE
THE FAECES OF BUGS INFECTED WITH THE *T. CRUZI* PARASITE CAN
TRANSMIT CHAGAS DISEASE

KISSING BUG FACTS



THERE ARE MORE THAN
140 SPECIES
OF TRIATOMINAE

AROUND THE WORLD THERE ARE MANY
OTHER SPECIES THAT CAN BE
**EASILY MISTAKEN WITH
TRIATOMINAE**



THEY HAVE MANY OTHER DIFFERENT NAMES:
VINCHUCA, CHINCHE, CHIPO, PITO, BARBEIRO...

FOR MORE INFORMATION, VISIT: WWW.INFOCHAGAS.ORG